## **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



RUBBER



## CONSUMER TIPS

(Information from Bureau of Home Economics, USDA)

## GENERAL RULES

- 1. Keep rubber away from heat, sunlight, copper, oil, grease. They make it soft & sticky, or hard & brittle, useless.
- 2. Store rubber goods in cool, dark place, wrapped or in boxes, with no sharp folds; basement good storage place.
- 3. Keep rubber articles clean with warm water & soap. Sponge stubborn spots with carbon tetrachlorode or similar quickdrying cleaning fluid. Do not soak.
- 4. Repair rips & tears with friction tape, adhesive tape, electrician's tape, plastic rubber compounds, or patch fastened with rubber cement - on side where water hits.

- HOT WATER BOTTLE: To mend use inner tube patch  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch larger all around than tear; roughen surface around tear with sand-paper; apply one coat rubber cement to patch (after holland cloth is removed), two coats to bottle; let cement dry thoroughly; press patch firmly in place.
- GARDEN HOSE: Drain out water & coil carefully, store off ground & out of sun. Mend by cutting out damaged part & joining cut ends with couplings; friction tape no use.
- GALOSHES: Clean with soap & water; stuff with paper to store; mend torn boots at tire shop with hot vulcanized patch; resole with ready-made stick-on soles.
- GIRDLES: Don't stretch when washing; use mild soap, warm water; rinse many times; dry away from heat & sun; do not iron garments made with rubber thread; mend soon as torn, sewing

on good sized patch; don't break rubber threads. CT-79 CONSUMERS' COUNSEL DIVISION, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WASHINGTON, D. C.